18675 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.028$

3004 independent reflections

2257 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

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(E)-1-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2-phenylhydrazine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.4.

In the title compound, $C_{14}H_{14}N_2O$, the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is 9.30 (6)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $C-H\cdots\pi$ and $N-H\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Tunç et al. (2003); Harada et al. (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{14}H_{14}N_{2}O\\ M_r = 226.27\\ \text{Monoclinic, } P2_1/n\\ a = 5.8021 \ (2) \ \text{\AA}\\ b = 7.5819 \ (2) \ \text{\AA}\\ c = 27.7907 \ (9) \ \text{\AA}\\ \beta = 95.808 \ (1)^{\circ} \end{array}$

 $V = 1216.26 (7) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K $0.30 \times 0.16 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2005) $T_{min} = 0.942, T_{max} = 0.959$

Refinement

R w S

3(

$[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	155 parameters
$R(F^2) = 0.124$	H-atom parameters constrained
= 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
004 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C8-C13 phenyl ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1 \cdots Cg1^{i}$ C3 - H3 \cdots Cg1^{ii}	0.86 0.93	2.69 2.63	3.3484 (13) 3.3796 (14)	146 138
	. 3 . 1	. 1	5 1 . 1	

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{5}{2}$, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

The authors acknowledge the provision of funds for the purchase of diffractometer and encouragement by Dr Muhammad Akram Chaudhary, Vice Chancellor, University of Sargodha, Pakistan.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5529).

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supplementary materials

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(E)-1-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2-phenylhydrazine

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Comment

The crystal structure of (II) *i.e.*, *N*-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-N'-(2-pyridyl)hydrazine (Tunç *et al.* 2003) and *N*-(4-methoxybenzylidene)aniline (Harada *et al.* 2004) have been published which are related to the title compound (I, Fig. 1).

In (I) the phenyl ring A (C1–C6) of phenylhydrazide and B (C8–C13) of 4-anisaldehyde are planar with r. m. s. deviation of 0.0015 and 0.0096 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between A/B is 9.30 (6)°. The central group C (N1/N2/C7) is of course planar and the orientation of A/C and B/C is 11.59 (17) and 2.89 (18)°, respectively. The molecules are essentially monomer. Due to the packing and unavailability of strong acceptor atom, the H-atom of N—H is not directly involved in H-bonding. The molecules are stabilized through C—H··· π and N—H··· π interactions (Table 1).

Experimental

Equimolar quantities of phenylhydrazine and 4-methoxybenzaldehyde were refluxed in methanol for 45 min resulting in yellow solution. The solution was kept at room temperature which affoarded yellow needles of (I) after 72 h.

Refinement

Although all H-atoms appear in the difference Fourier map but were positioned geometrically (N–H = 0.86, C–H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C, N)$, where x = 1.5 for methyl and x = 1.2 for all other H-atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. View of (I) with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H-atoms are shown by circles of arbitrary radius.

(E)-1-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2-phenylhydrazine

Crystal data

 $C_{14}H_{14}N_2O$ $M_r = 226.27$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 5.8021 (2) Å b = 7.5819 (2) Å c = 27.7907 (9) Å F(000) = 480 $D_x = 1.236 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 Å Cell parameters from 2257 reflections $\theta = 2.8-28.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K $\beta = 95.808 (1)^{\circ}$ $V = 1216.26 (7) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	3004 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2257 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.028$
Detector resolution: 8.20 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^{\circ}$
ω scans	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.942, \ T_{\max} = 0.959$	<i>l</i> = −37→37
18675 measured reflections	

Cut needle, yellow

 $0.30 \times 0.16 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.01	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0582P)^2 + 0.2017P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3004 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
155 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.58571 (17)	0.12817 (13)	0.05523 (3)	0.0593 (3)
N1	1.0199 (2)	0.27807 (16)	0.32418 (4)	0.0576 (4)
N2	0.99619 (18)	0.22429 (14)	0.27710 (4)	0.0475 (3)

C1	1.1991 (2)	0.21880 (15)	0.35653 (4)	0.0431 (4)
C2	1.3896 (2)	0.13069 (16)	0.34188 (5)	0.0486 (4)
C3	1.5625 (2)	0.07433 (18)	0.37608 (6)	0.0594 (5)
C4	1.5495 (3)	0.1038 (2)	0.42465 (6)	0.0659 (5)
C5	1.3613 (3)	0.1917 (2)	0.43908 (5)	0.0616 (5)
C6	1.1872 (2)	0.24896 (17)	0.40553 (5)	0.0520 (4)
C7	0.8064 (2)	0.26802 (16)	0.25267 (4)	0.0458 (4)
C8	0.7500 (2)	0.22464 (14)	0.20197 (4)	0.0404 (3)
C9	0.9001 (2)	0.13387 (15)	0.17420 (4)	0.0436 (4)
C10	0.8384 (2)	0.10202 (16)	0.12601 (4)	0.0458 (4)
C11	0.6270 (2)	0.16101 (15)	0.10379 (4)	0.0438 (4)
C12	0.4738 (2)	0.24744 (16)	0.13072 (4)	0.0458 (4)
C13	0.5363 (2)	0.27705 (16)	0.17934 (4)	0.0449 (4)
C14	0.3755 (3)	0.1915 (3)	0.03100 (5)	0.0771 (6)
H1	0.92065	0.35071	0.33393	0.0691*
H2	1.40053	0.10982	0.30922	0.0583*
H3	1.69010	0.01538	0.36620	0.0713*
H4	1.66685	0.06457	0.44740	0.0791*
Н5	1.35170	0.21259	0.47179	0.0739*
H6	1.06052	0.30834	0.41570	0.0624*
H7	0.69829	0.33119	0.26824	0.0550*
Н9	1.04277	0.09490	0.18855	0.0523*
H10	0.93876	0.04044	0.10807	0.0550*
H12	0.33060	0.28509	0.11628	0.0550*
H13	0.43235	0.33379	0.19749	0.0539*
H14A	0.24713	0.13841	0.04481	0.1156*
H14B	0.36847	0.16173	-0.00269	0.1156*
H14C	0.36828	0.31731	0.03446	0.1156*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0679 (6)	0.0706 (6)	0.0389 (5)	0.0039 (5)	0.0023 (4)	-0.0054 (4)
N1	0.0616 (7)	0.0695 (7)	0.0400 (6)	0.0237 (6)	-0.0038 (5)	-0.0104 (5)
N2	0.0537 (6)	0.0484 (6)	0.0398 (6)	0.0048 (4)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0027 (4)
C1	0.0458 (6)	0.0395 (6)	0.0431 (7)	0.0005 (5)	0.0004 (5)	-0.0025 (5)
C2	0.0480 (7)	0.0464 (6)	0.0512 (7)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0045 (5)	-0.0080 (5)
C3	0.0476 (7)	0.0518 (7)	0.0771 (10)	0.0065 (6)	-0.0020(7)	-0.0102 (7)
C4	0.0627 (9)	0.0603 (8)	0.0690 (10)	0.0073 (7)	-0.0207 (7)	-0.0022 (7)
C5	0.0714 (9)	0.0650 (9)	0.0458 (8)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0066 (7)	-0.0033 (6)
C6	0.0560 (7)	0.0546 (8)	0.0452 (7)	0.0065 (6)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0055 (5)
C7	0.0503 (7)	0.0449 (6)	0.0421 (7)	0.0051 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C8	0.0444 (6)	0.0370 (5)	0.0400 (6)	-0.0027 (4)	0.0048 (5)	0.0016 (4)
C9	0.0412 (6)	0.0434 (6)	0.0462 (7)	0.0004 (5)	0.0044 (5)	0.0036 (5)
C10	0.0465 (6)	0.0467 (6)	0.0458 (7)	0.0008 (5)	0.0125 (5)	-0.0029 (5)
C11	0.0509 (7)	0.0430 (6)	0.0376 (6)	-0.0061 (5)	0.0050 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C12	0.0413 (6)	0.0495 (7)	0.0457 (7)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
C13	0.0435 (6)	0.0460 (6)	0.0456 (7)	0.0027 (5)	0.0070 (5)	-0.0024 (5)

supplementary materials

C14	0.0929 (12)	0.0906 (12)	0.0443 (8)	0.0169 (10)	-0.0095 (8)	-0.0024 (8)
Geometric parar	neters (Å, °)					
01 C11		1 2604 (14)	C10	C11	1.2	002 (16)
01-C11		1.3094 (14)	C10-	-011	1.3	902 (16)
01—014 N1 N2		1.410(2) 1.2641(16)	C11-	-C12	1.5	830 (10)
N1 - N2		1.3041(10) 1.2702(16)	C12-	-015	1.5	200
NI-CI		1.3792(10) 1.2776(16)	C2—	ΠZ	0.9	200
N2		1.2770 (10)	C3—	П <i>3</i> 114	0.9	200
NI - HI		1.3000(18)	C4—	114 115	0.9	300
C1 = C0		1.3094 (10)	C5—	11.5	0.9	200
C1 = C2		1.38/4(1/) 1.2792(10)	C6—	H0	0.9	300
$C_2 = C_3$		1.3782 (19)	C/—		0.9	300
$C_3 = C_4$		1.378(2)	C9—	H9 1110	0.9	300
C4—C5		1.3/3(2)	C10-	-H10	0.9	300
C3—C6		1.374 (2)	C12-	-H12	0.9	300
C/-C8		1.4516 (16)	C13-	-H13	0.9	300
C8-C13		1.3903 (16)	C14-	-HI4A	0.9	600
C8—C9		1.4013 (16)	C14-	-H14B	0.9	600
C9—C10		1.3/22 (16)	C14-	-H14C	0.9	600
C11—O1—C14		117.60 (10)	C3—	C2—H2	120	0.00
N2—N1—C1		121.61 (11)	C2—	С3—Н3	119	9.00
N1—N2—C7		115.47 (11)	C4—	С3—Н3	119	9.00
N2—N1—H1		119.00	C3—	C4—H4	120	0.00
C1—N1—H1		119.00	C5—	C4—H4	120	0.00
N1—C1—C2		122.42 (11)	C4—	С5—Н5	120	0.00
N1—C1—C6		118.45 (11)	C6—	С5—Н5	120	0.00
C2—C1—C6		119.14 (11)	C1—	С6—Н6	120	0.00
C1—C2—C3		119.53 (12)	C5—	С6—Н6	120	0.00
C2—C3—C4		121.14 (13)	N2—	-С7—Н7	118	3.00
C3—C4—C5		119.26 (14)	C8—	С7—Н7	118	3.00
C4—C5—C6		120.46 (13)	C8—	С9—Н9	120	0.00
C1—C6—C5		120.47 (12)	C10–	—С9—Н9	120	0.00
N2—C7—C8		123.68 (11)	С9—	C10—H10	120	0.00
C9—C8—C13		117.82 (10)	C11–	C10H10	120	0.00
С7—С8—С9		123.66 (10)	C11–	C12H12	120	0.00
C7—C8—C13		118.52 (10)	C13–	—С12—Н12	120	0.00
C8—C9—C10		120.57 (11)	C8—	С13—Н13	119	9.00
C9—C10—C11		120.55 (11)	C12-	-С13-Н13	119	9.00
O1—C11—C12		124.15 (11)	01—	C14—H14A	109	9.00
O1-C11-C10		115.96 (10)	01—	C14—H14B	109	9.00
C10-C11-C12		119.89 (10)	01—	C14—H14C	109	9.00
C11-C12-C13		119.12 (11)	H14A	А—С14—Н14В	109	9.00
C8—C13—C12		121.99 (11)	H14A	А—С14—Н14С	109	9.00
C1—C2—H2		120.00	H14E	3—C14—H14C	109	9.00
C14—O1—C11—	-C12	1.90 (19)	C4—	C5—C6—C1	0.0	(2)
C14—O1—C11—	-C10	-177.93 (13)	N2—	-C7C8C13	179	9.04 (12)
N2—N1—C1—C	2	13.07 (18)	N2—	-С7—С8—С9	-1.	57 (19)
N2—N1—C1—C	6	-166.94 (11)	С7—	C8—C13—C12	17	7.18 (11)

supplementary materials

C1—N1—N2—C7	170.35 (11)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-2.24 (17)
N1—N2—C7—C8	179.36 (11)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-177.96 (11)
N1-C1-C6-C5	179.76 (12)	C13—C8—C9—C10	1.44 (17)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.78 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.73 (18)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.24 (18)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-2.17 (18)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.26 (19)	C9-C10-C11-O1	177.67 (11)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (2)	O1-C11-C12-C13	-178.45 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (2)	C10-C11-C12-C13	1.38 (18)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.85 (18)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C8–C13 phenyl ring.				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}^{\ldots}\!A$
N1—H1…Cg1 ⁱ	0.86	2.69	3.3484 (13)	146
C3—H3···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.63	3.3796 (14)	138
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2$, $y+1/2$, $-z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+5$	/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2.			



